

Dispensing System Advantage



Designer Series

Top dispensing technology provides eye level viewing of product being dispensed, requiring fewer activations

Proprietary Technology

Difficulty seeing product dispensed from under dispenser results in extra activations and waste

Soap or sanitizer is fully evacuated from refill bag using vacuum technology, no product waste is left behind

Product Savings

Depends on gravity to fully evacuate refill which is ineffective and leads to product waste

Labor needed to clean messy leaks is minimized with valve placement at the top of the dispenser – no leak guarantee

Labor Efficiencies

Product leaks are common with bottom valve placement requiring extra labor/frequency of cleaning

Cross contamination is eliminated with no germ/bacteria harboring product buildup under the dispenser

Reduced Contamination

Product build up on the bottom of the dispenser harbors germs and leads to cross-contamination

Reduced packaging refill bags use 50% less plastic than hard cartridges

Sustainability

Hard cartridge refills use more plastic and are often not recyclable

Pump spring will never wear out because it is built into the refill bag and replaced with every bag change

Durability

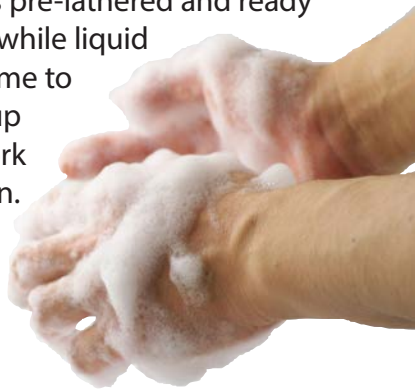
Spring is part of the dispenser and will wear out over time

Benefits of Foam vs. Liquid Soap

EASE OF USE

Foam soap is easier to use than liquid soap.

- Dispensed foam is thick and stays on hands, while liquid tends to run off hands and down the drain.
- Foam is pre-lathered and ready to use, while liquid takes time to lather up and work into skin.

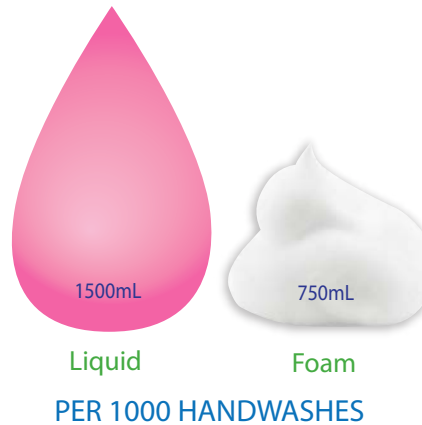


SOAP SAVINGS

Less foam soap is used per handwash compared to liquid soap.

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Foam saves 50% more soap!



- Most liquid systems dispense 1.5 mL of soap per handwash, while foam systems dispense half that amount (.75mL).
- The same size refill of foam soap provides twice as many handwashes as a liquid refill, reducing product need and cost.

WATER SAVINGS



Foam soap saves gallons of water!

- Since foam is pre-lathered and has lower viscosity, it reduces the lather up and rinse time per handwash by 5 seconds or more.
- An average faucet runs at 50 mL per second, saving 250 mL per handwash. (5 seconds x 50 mL = 250 mL)
- Save 66 gallons of water for every 1,000 handwashes! (1,000 x 250 mL = 250,000 mL / 3,785 mL per gal = 66 gallons)



KUTOL

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LIT-KVC-0225